

M.D., Ph.D.

## **Current Appointments**

Assistant Professor, Department of Dermatology

Keio University School of Medicine

# **Education and Employment**

### **Education** 1998 - 1999 Methodist College (USA) 1990 - 1996 Keio University School of Medicine **Employment** 2011 - presentDepartment of Dermatology Keio University School of Medicine 2008 - 2011 Department of Cell Biology Emory University School of Medicine (USA) 2002 - 2008 Department of Dermatology Keio University School of Medicine 2000 - 2002 Department of Dermatology Kyorin University School of Medicine 1999 - 2000 Division of Dermatology National Kasumigaura Hospital 1996 - 1998 Dermatology Residency Keio University School of Medicine

### **Expertise**

Nail diseases

#### Masataka Saito

#### **Medical Societies**

Japanese Dermatological Association

Japanese Society for Investigative Dermatology

Society for Investigative Dermatology

#### Selected Publications

(over 25 publications)

1. <u>Saito M</u>, Ohyama M, Amagai M. Exploring the biology of the nail: An intriguing but less-investigated skin appendage.

J Dermatol Sci, 79 (3): 187-193, 2015

(https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25999148/)

2. Stahley SN, <u>Saito M</u>\*, Faundez V, Koval M, Mattheyses AL, Kowalczyk AP. Desmosome assembly and disassembly are membrane raft-dependent.

PLoS One, 9 (1): e87809, 2014

(https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/24498201/)

\*co-first author

3. <u>Saito M</u>, Stahley SN, Caughman CY, Mao X, Tucker DK, Payne AS, Amagai M, Kowalczyk AP. Signaling dependent and independent mechanisms in pemphigus vulgaris blister formation.

PLoS One, 7 (12): e50696, 2012

(https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23226536/)

4. <u>Saito M</u>, Tucker DK, Kohlhorst D, Niessen CM, Kowalczyk AP. Classical and desmosomal cadherins at a glance.

J Cell Sci, 125: 2547-52, 2012

(https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/22833291/)

5. <u>Saito M</u>, Masunaga T, Teraki Y, Takamori K, Ishiko A. Genotype-phenotype correlations in six Japanese patients with recessive dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa with the recurrent p.Glu2857X mutation.

J Dermatol Sci, 52 (1): 13-20, 2008

(https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/18440202/)